# **Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements**

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2020

Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements As at September 30, 2020

#### NOTICE OF NO AUDITOR REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements of Lingo Media Corporation have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the Company's management. These unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and reflect Management's best estimates and judgements based on information currently available. The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these financial statements in accordance with standards established for a review of interim financial statements by an entity's auditor.

Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements As at September 30, 2020

# Contents

Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements	
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Balance Sheets	3
Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss)	4
Statements of Changes in Equity	5
Statements of Cash Flows	6
Notes to the Financial Statements	7-18

Page

Condensed Consolidated Interim Balance Sheets As at September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 (Unaudited, expressed in Canadian Dollars, unless otherwise stated)

	Notes	September 30, 2020	D	ecember 31, 2019
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents		1,459,863		442,489
Accounts and grants receivable	5	249,383		838,502
Prepaid and other receivables		84,677		121,603
		1,793,923		1,402,594
Non-Current Assets				
Property and equipment	6	27,171		35,215
Right-of-use assets	7	446,773		514,181
TOTAL ASSETS		\$ 2,267,867	\$	1,951,990
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable		74,564		226,001
Accrued liabilities		127,366		191,993
Contract liability	8	174,457		192,958
Lease obligation	7	19,344		75,116
		\$ 395,731	\$	686,068
Non-Current Liabilities				
Loan payable	9	30,000		-
Lease obligation	7	499,646		499,646
TOTAL LIABILITIES		\$ 925,377	\$	1,185,714
Equity				
Share capital	10	21,914,722		21,914,722
Share-based payment reserve	11	4,069,087		4,049,032
Accumulated other comprehensive income		(264,638)		(319,994)
Deficit		(24,376,681)		(24,877,484)
TOTAL EQUITY		1,342,490		766,276
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		\$ 2,267,867	\$	1,951,990

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements are authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on November 26, 2020.

/s/ Gali Bar-Ziv

Director

/s/ Jerry Grafstein

Director

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) For the three-month and nine-month ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 (Unaudited, expressed in Canadian Dollars, unless otherwise stated)

	Notes	For the three months ended September 30		For the nine n Septen	
		2020	2019	2020	2019
Revenue	15,17	\$ 68,775	\$ 117,545	\$ 1,143,288	\$ 1,124,714
Expenses					
Selling, general and administrative expenses	13	275,419	219,617	28,808	650,534
Bad debt (recovery)		-	-	32,386	-
Direct costs		39,986	45,609	159,327	120,031
Development costs		88,972	45,627	187,200	150,320
Share-based payment	10	6,209	24,356	20,055	81,115
Depreciation – right-of-use assets	7	22,469	45,855	67,408	137,568
Depreciation – property and equipment	6	3,469	1,379	10,378	4,602
Total Expenses		436,524	382,443	505,562	1,144,170
Profit / (Loss) from Operations		(367,749)	(264,898)	637,726	(19,456)
Net Finance Charges					
Interest expense		5,238	10,371	(2,683)	34,918
Foreign exchange (gain) / loss		(16,746)	21,415	41,646	28,739
Profit / (Loss) before Tax		(356,241)	(296,684)	598,763	(83,113)
Income Tax Expense	11	904	45,498	97,960	142,940
Net Profit / (Loss) for the Period		(357,145)	(342,182)	500,803	(226,053)
Other Comprehensive Income					
Exchange differences on translating foreign operations gain / (loss)		(43,578)	21,663	55,356	(5,223)
Total Comprehensive Income / (Loss), Net of Tax		\$ (400,723)	\$ (320,519)	\$ 556,159	\$ (231,276)
Earnings /(Loss) per Share					
Basic		\$(0.01)	\$(0.01)	\$0.02	\$(0.01)
Diluted		\$(0.01)	\$(0.01)	\$0.01	\$(0.01)
Weighted Average Number of Common Shares Outstanding					
Basic		35,529,132	35,529,132	35,529,132	35,529,132
Diluted		39,769,136	41,465,152	37,718,792	41,736,582

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Changes in Equity For the nine-months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 (Unaudited, expressed in Canadian Dollars, unless otherwise stated)

	Issued Sh	are Capital	Share- Based Reserves	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Deficit	Total Equity
	No. of Shares	Amount				
Balance as at January 31, 2019	35,529,192	\$ 21,914,722	\$ 3,955,167	\$ (271,245)	\$ (25,040,050)	\$ 558,594
Loss for the period	-	-	-	-	(226,053)	(226,053)
Other comprehensive loss	-	-	-	(5,223)	-	(5,223)
Share-based payments charged to operations	-	-	81,115		-	81,115
Balance as at September 30, 2019	35,529,192	\$ 21,914,722	\$ 4,036,282	\$ (276,468)	\$ (25,266,103)	\$ 408,434
Income for the period	-	-	-	-	388,619	388,619
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	(43,526)	-	(43,526)
Share-based payments charged to operations	-	-	12,750	-	-	12,750
Balance as at December 31, 2019	35,529,192	\$ 21,914,722	\$ 4,049,032	\$ (319,994)	\$ (24,877,484)	\$ 766,276
Income for the period	-	-	-	-	500,803	500,803
Other comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	-	55,356	-	55,356
Share-based payments charged to operations	-	-	20,055	-	-	20,055
Balance as at September 30, 2020	35,529,192	\$ 21,914,722	\$ 4,069,087	\$ (264,638)	\$ (24,376,681)	\$ 1,342,490

No preference shares were issued as of September 30, 2020.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Cash Flows For the three and nine-month ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 (Unaudited, expressed in Canadian Dollars, unless otherwise stated)

	For the three months ended September 30 2020 2019		For the nine ended Septe 2020	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Income (Loss) for the period	\$ (357,145)	\$ (342,182)	\$500,803	\$ (226,053)
Adjustments to Net Income (Loss) for Non-Cash Items:				
Share-based payment	6,209	24,356	20,055	81,115
Unrealized foreign exchange (gain)/loss	(66,324)	22,389	(21,791)	(4,469)
Bad debt expense	-	-	32,386	-
Depreciation	25,938	47,234	77,786	142,170
Lease inducement	-	(2,903)		(8,710)
Operating Income (Loss) before Working Capital Changes	(391,322)	(251,106)	609,239	(15,947)
Working Capital Adjustments:				
(Increase) / decrease in accounts and grants receivable	733,852	47,497	589,119	(88,478)
(Increase) / decrease in prepaid and other receivables	47,118	5,841	36,926	6,930
Increase / (decrease) in accounts payable	(68,471)	(18,925)	(151,437)	(112,104)
Increase / (decrease) in accrued liabilities	(16,165)	103,586	(64,627)	194,035
Increase / (decrease) in contract liability	35,958	1,213	(18,501)	(40,832)
Cash Provided by (Used in) Operations	340,970	(111,894)	1,000,719	(56,396)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of property and equipment	-	-	-	(450)
Net Cash Flows Used in Investing Activities	-	-	-	(450)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Increase / (decrease) in lease obligation	(18,962)	(49,029)	(55,772)	(146,630)
Interest of lease obligation	10,437	-	32,427	-
Proceeds from loans	-	58,000	40,000	449,612
Repayment of loans payable	-	(58,000)	-	(449,612)
Net Cash Flows Provided By (Used in) Financing Activities	(8,525)	(49,029)	16,655	(146,630)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	332,445	(160,923)	1,017,374	(203,476)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of the Period	1,127,418	191,290	442,489	233,843
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of the Period	\$ 1,459,863	\$ 30,367	\$1,459,863	\$ 30,367

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

#### 1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Lingo Media Corporation ("Lingo Media" or the "Company") is a publicly listed company incorporated in Canada with limited liability under the legislation of the Province of Ontario and its shares are listed on the TSX Venture Exchange under the symbol "LM" and inter-listed on the OTC Markets under the symbol "LMDCF" and Frankfurt Stock Exchange under the symbol "LIMA". The condensed consolidated interim financial statements of the Company as at and for the period ended September 30, 2020 comprise the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries: Lingo Learning Inc., ELL Technologies Ltd., Lingo Group Limited., ELL Technologies Limited, Vizualize Technologies Corporation, Speak2Me Inc., and Parlo Corporation (the "Group").

Lingo Media is an EdTech company that is '*Changing the way the world learns languages*'. The Group provides online and print-based solutions through its two distinct business units: ELL Technologies Ltd. ("ELL Technologies") and Lingo Learning Inc. ("Lingo Learning"). ELL Technologies provides online training and assessment for language learning. Lingo Learning is a print-based publisher of English language learning school programs in China.

The head office, principal address and registered office of the Company is located at 151 Bloor Street West, Suite 703, Toronto, Ontario, Canada, M5S 1S4.

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

#### 2.1 Statement of compliance

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements are unaudited and have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 'Interim Financial Reporting' ("IAS 34") using accounting policies consistent with the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and Interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC").

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the period ended September 30, 2020 were approved and authorized by the Board of Directors on November 26, 2020.

#### 2.2 Basis of measurement

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except as provided in note 4. The comparative figures presented in these consolidated financial statements are in accordance with the same accounting policies.

#### 2.3 Basis of consolidation

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries controlled by the Company (the "Group") as at September 30, 2020. Control exists when the Company is exposed to or has the rights to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect these returns through its power over the entity.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date of acquisition, being the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date when such control ceases. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the parent company, using consistent accounting policies. All inter-group balances, transactions, unrealized gains and losses resulting from inter-group transactions and dividends are eliminated in full.

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPRATION (Cont'd)

#### 2.4 Functional and presentation currency

The functional currency is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates and has been determined for each entity within the Group. These consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian Dollars, which is the Company's functional currency. The functional currency of ELL Technologies Limited and Lingo Group Limited are United States Dollar ("USD"). All other subsidiaries' functional currency is Canadian Dollar ("CAD").

The functional currency determinations were conducted through an analysis of the consideration factors identified in IAS 21, "The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates".

#### 3. SIGINIFICANT ACCOUTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The preparation of the Company's condensed consolidated interim financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies, reported amounts of assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities, revenues and expenses at the date of the consolidated financial statements and during the reporting period.

Estimates and assumptions are continuously evaluated and are based on management's historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. However, actual outcomes can differ from these estimates. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and further periods if the review affects both current and future periods.

Information about critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements is included in the following notes:

- Determination of functional currency
- Determination of expected credit loss
- Recognition of internally developed intangibles
- Recognition of government grant and grant receivable
- Recognition of deferred tax assets
- Valuation of share-based payments

#### 4. SUMMARY OF SIGINFICANT ACCOUTING POLICIES

The accounting policies applied by the Company in these Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements are the same as those applied by the Company in its Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2019.

#### 5. ACCOUNTS AND GRANTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts and grants receivable consist of:

	September 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
Trade receivable	\$ 249,383	\$ 816,226
Grants receivable	-	22,276
	\$ 249,383	\$ 838,502

## 5. ACCOUNTS AND GRANTS RECEIVABLE (Cont'd)

As at September 30, 2020, the Company had accounts receivable of \$200,726 (2019 - \$1,001,936) greater than 30 days overdue and not impaired.

## 6. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

	puter and quipment	easehold vements	Total
Cost, January 1, 2019	\$ 97,875	\$ 33,180	\$ 131,055
Additions	450	-	450
Write off	(12,126)	-	(12,126)
Effect of foreign exchange	(1,109)	-	(1,109)
Cost, September 30 2019	\$ 85,090	33,180	\$ 118,270
Effect of foreign exchange	(262)	-	(262)
Cost, December 31, 2019	\$ 84,828	\$ 33,180	\$ 118,008
Effect of foreign exchange	2,657	-	2,657
Cost, September 30, 2020	\$ 87,485	\$ 33,180	\$ 120,665
Accumulated depreciation, January 1, 2019	\$ 66,278	\$ 11,613	\$ 77,891
Charge for the period	4,602	5,807	10,409
Write off	(12,126)	-	(12,126)
Effect of foreign exchange	(356)	-	(356)
Accumulated depreciation, Sept. 30, 2019	\$ 58,398	\$17,420	\$ 75,818
Charge for the period	1,993	5,806	7,799
Effect of foreign exchange	(824)	-	(824)
Accumulated depreciation, December 31, 2019	\$ 59,567	\$ 23,226	\$ 82,793
Charge for the period	3,979	6,399	10,378
Effect of foreign exchange	323	-	323
Accumulated depreciation, Sept. 30, 2020	\$ 63,869	\$ 29,625	\$ 93,494
Net book value, December 31, 2019	\$ 25,261	\$ 9,954	\$ 35,215
Net book value, September 30, 2020	23,616	\$ 3,555	\$ 27,171

#### 7. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

The Company has one office facility under lease. The lease term is 5 years from 2016, with an option to renew the lease for another 5-year term after that date.

Non-cancellable lease rentals are payable as follows:

Less than 1 year Between 1 and 5 years	\$ 19,344
	\$ 19,344

## 7. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (Cont'd)

On adoption of IFRS 16, the Company recognized lease obligations in relation to leases which had previously been classified as 'operating leases' under the principles of IAS 17, "Leases". These obligations were measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted using the lessee's incremental borrowing rate as of January 1, 2019. The lessee's incremental borrowing rate applied to the lease obligations on January 1, 2019 was 8%.

For the period ended September 30, 2020, an accretion of \$32,427 in carrying amount of lease liability was recorded because of the use of present value factor at initial measurement.

For the period ended September 30, 2020, variable lease payments of \$88,198 were recorded.

The Company has equipment leases and an office lease in Beijing which it has determined are not recognized as right of use assets or lease liabilities as they are short-term and low dollar value.

The Company's lease obligation and movements therein during the period ended September 30, 2020:

	Lease Obligation		
Lease obligation as of January 1, 2020	\$	574,762	
Accretion on lease liability		32,427	
Lease payment		(88,198)	
Lease obligation at September 30, 2020	\$	518,991	
Of which are:			
Current lease obligations	\$	19,344	
Long-term lease obligations		499,646	
	\$	518,990	

The Company's right-of-use assets and movements therein during the period ended September 30, 2020:

	Of	fice Lease
Right-of-use assets at January 1, 2020	\$	597,562
Accumulated depreciation, January 1, 2020		(83,381)
Charge for the period		(67,408)
Accumulated depreciation, September 30, 2020		(150,789)
Right-of-use assets at September 30, 2020	\$	446,773

### 8. CONTRACT LIABILITY

The following table presents changes in the contract liabilities balance:

Balance, September 30, 2020	\$ 174,457
Recognition of deferred revenue included in period	(177,764)
Amounts invoices and revenue deferred as at September 30, 2020	159,263
Balance, December 31, 2019	\$ 192,958
Recognition of deferred revenue included in the period	(45,999)
Amounts invoices and revenue deferred as at December 31, 2019	62,530
Balance, September 30, 2019	176,427
Recognition of deferred revenue included in the period	(180,081)
Amounts invoices and revenue deferred as at September 30, 2019	139,249
Balance, January 01, 2019	\$ 217,259

#### 9. LOAN PAYABLE

On April 15, 2020, the Company received a loan of \$40,000 through Canadian Emergency Business Account Program ("CEBA Loan"), which provides financial relief for Canadian small business during the COVID-19 pandemic. The CEBA loan has an initial term date on December 31, 2020 (the "Initial Term Date") and may be extended to December 31, 2025. The CEBA Loan is non-revolving, with an interest rate being 0% per annum prior to the initial Term Date. Repaying the balance of the CDBA loan on or before December 31, 2022 will result in a loan forgiveness of \$10,000.

#### 10. SHARE CAPITAL

#### Authorized

Unlimited number of preference shares with no par value

Unlimited number of common shares with no par value

#### 11. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

In December 2017, the Company amended its stock option plan (the "2017 Plan"). The 2017 Plan was established to provide an incentive to management (officers), employees, directors and consultants of the Company and its subsidiaries. The maximum number of shares which may be reserved for issuance under the 2017 Plan is limited to 7,105,838 shares less the number of shares reserved for issuance pursuant to options granted under the 1996 Plan, the 2000 Plan, the 2005 Plan, the 2009 Plan and the 2011 Plan, provided that the Board of Directors of the Company has the right, from time to time, to increase such number subject to the approval of the relevant exchange on which the shares are listed and the approval of the shareholders of the Company.

The maximum number of common shares that may be reserved for issuance to any one person under the 2017 Plan is 5% of the common shares outstanding at the time of the grant (calculated on a non-diluted basis) less the number of shares reserved for issuance to such person under any option to purchase common shares of the Company granted as a compensation or incentive mechanism.

The exercise price of each option cannot be less than the market price of the shares on the day immediately preceding the day of the grant less any permitted discount. The exercise period of the options granted cannot exceed 10 years. Options granted under the 2017 Plan do not have any required vesting provisions. However, the Board of Directors of the Company may, from time to time, amend or revise the terms of the 2017 Plan or may terminate it at any time.

#### 11. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (Cont'd)

The following summarizes the options outstanding:

	Number of Options		ghted erage Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contract
Outstanding as at January 1, 2019	6,804,000	\$	0.21	2.77
Granted	1,050,000		0.08	
Forfeited	(1,092,000)		0.22	
Outstanding as at September 30, 2019	6,762,000	\$	0.13	
Expired	(120,000)	\$	0.21	
Outstanding as at December 31, 2019	6,642,000	\$	0.13	1.52
Granted	450,000		0.05	
Expired	(90,000)		0.23	
Forfeited	(122,000)		0.18	
Outstanding as at September 30, 2020	6,880,000	\$	0.12	0.90
Options exercisable as at September 30, 2019	6,187,	000		\$ 0.13
Options exercisable as at December 31, 2019	6,504,	500		\$ 0.19
Options exercisable as at September 30, 2020	6,720,0	000		\$ 0.12

The weighted average remaining contractual life for the stock options outstanding as at September 30, 2020 was 0.90 years (2019 - 1.77 years, 2018 - 1.97 years). The range of exercise prices for the stock options outstanding as at September 30, 2020 was 0.05 - 0.23 (2019 - 0.07 - 0.23, 2018 - 0.20). The weighted average grant-date fair value of options granted to management, employees, directors and consultants has been estimated at 0.0355 (2019 - 0.0519, 2018 - 0.12) using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. The estimated fair value of the options granted is expensed immediately.

The vesting period on the options granted on February 4, 2020 is vested three months after grant date and vested quarterly.

The vesting periods on the options granted in 2019 was three months after grant date and vested quarterly.

The pricing model assumes the weighted average risk free interest rates of 1.37% (2019 - 2.19%, 2018 - 1.39%) weighted average expected dividend yields of nil (2019 - nil, 2018 - nil), the weighted average expected common stock price volatility (based on historical trading) of 123% (2019 - 105%, 2018 - 97%), a forfeiture rate of 0% (2019 - 0%, 2018 - 0%), a weighted average stock price of \$0.20 (2018 - \$0.07, 2017 - \$0.20), a weighted average exercise price of \$0.05 (2019 - \$0.07, 2018 - \$0.21), and a weighted average expected life of 2.85 years (2019 - 2.85 years, 2018 - 3 years), which were estimated based on past experience with options and option contract specifics.

#### 12. TAX EXPENSE

Income tax expense is accrued upon recognition of revenue and is withheld at source on remittances from China.

#### 13. GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND SUBSIDY

#### **Government Grants**

Included as a reduction of selling, general and administrative expenses are government grants of \$279,017 (2019 - \$176,020), relating to the Company's publishing projects. At the end of the period, \$Nil (2019 - \$166,382) is included in accounts and grants receivable.

One government grant for the print-based ELL segment is repayable in the event that the segment's annual net income for each of the previous two years exceeds 15% of revenue. During the year, the conditions for the repayment of grants did not arise and no liability was recorded.

#### **Ontario Interactive Digital Media Tax Credit**

Included as a reduction of selling, general and administrative expenses is Ontario Interactive Digital Media Tax Credit. The Company received an approval and funding of its grant from the Province of Ontario's Ontario Interactive Digital Media Tax Credit ("OIDMTC") in the amount of \$904,940. The OIDMTC is a refundable tax credit based on eligible Ontario labour expenditures in additional to eligible marketing and distribution expenditures claimed by a qualifying corporation with respect to interactive digital media products.

The Ontario Creates Interactive Digital Media ("IDM") Fund Concept Definition and Production programs provide content creators with funding for high quality, original interactive digital media content projects that make a positive contribution to the Ontario economy.

The fund assesses innovative interactive media projects, including e-learning, that are deemed to contribute to education and learning through the application of text, images, and other multimedia. The approval process involves a full audit of the product and processes.

#### Canada Emergency Wage Subsidy

The Canada Emergency Wage Subsidy ("CEWS") was announced on March 27, 2020. Effective April 11, 2020, the CEWS came into force providing a wage subsidy to eligible Canadian employers to enable them to continue to pay their Canadian employees through their own payroll. Due to the impact of COVID-19, the Company applied for CEWS and received \$114,264 during the period and recorded this amount as a reduction of general and administrative expense.

#### 14. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### Fair values

The carrying value of cash and accounts and grants receivable, approximates their fair value due to the liquidity of these instruments. The carrying values of accounts payables and accrued liabilities and loans payables approximate their fair value due to the requirement to extinguish the liabilities on demand or payable within a year.

#### Financial risk management objectives and policies

The financial risk arising from the Company's operations are currency risk, liquidity risk and credit risk. These risks arise from the normal course of operations and all transactions undertaken are to support the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are as follows:

#### 14. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

#### a. Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates primarily to the Company's monetary assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than the Canadian Dollar and the Company's net investments in foreign subsidiaries.

The Company operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk as certain expenditures are denominated in non-Canadian Dollar currencies.

The Company has been exposed to this fluctuation and has not implemented a program against these foreign exchange fluctuations.

A 10% strengthening of the US Dollar against the Canadian Dollar would have increased the net equity approximately by \$79,357 (2019 - \$2,437) due to reduction in the value of net liability balance. A 10% of weakening of the US Dollar against the Canadian Dollar at September 30, 2020 would have had the equal but opposite effect. The significant financial instruments of the Company, their carrying values and the exposure to other denominated monetary assets and liabilities, as of September 30, 2020 are as follows:

	US Denominated
	USD
Cash	877,248
Accounts receivable	170,826
Accounts payable	22,470

#### b. Liquidity risk

The Company manages its liquidity risk by preparing and monitoring forecasts of cash expenditures to ensure that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet liabilities when due. The Company's accounts payable and accrued liabilities generally have maturities of less than 90 days. On September 30, 2020, the Company had cash of \$1,459,863, accounts and grants receivable of \$249,383 and prepaid and other receivables of \$84,677 to settle current liabilities of \$395,731.

#### c. Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the counterparty by failing to discharge an obligation. The Company is primarily exposed to credit risk through accounts receivable. The maximum credit risk exposure is limited to the reported amounts of these financial assets. Credit risk is managed by ongoing review of the amount and aging of accounts receivable balances. As at September 30, 2020, the Company has outstanding trade receivables of \$249,383 (2019 - \$835,554). New impairment requirements use an 'expected credit loss' ('ECL') model to recognize an allowance. Impairment is measured using a 12-month ECL method unless the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition in which case the lifetime ECL method is adopted. For receivables, a simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses using a lifetime expected loss allowance is available. The Company deposits its cash with high credit quality financial institutions, with the majority deposited within Canadian Tier 1 Banks.

#### 15. MAJOR CUSTOMER

The Company had sales to a major customer in the period ended on September 30, 2020 and on September 30, 2019, a government agency of the People's Republic of China. The total percentage of sales to this customer during the period was 79% (2019 - 82%) and the total percentage of accounts receivable on September 30, 2020 was 86% (2019 - 94%).

#### 16. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company's primary objectives when managing capital are to (a) safeguard the Company's ability to develop, market, distribute and sell English language learning products, and (b) provide a sound capital structure for raising capital at a reasonable cost for the funding of ongoing development of its products and new growth initiatives. The Board of Directors does not establish quantitative capital criteria for management, but rather relies on the expertise of the Company's management to sustain future development of the business.

The Company includes equity, comprised of issued share capital, warrants, share-based payments reserve and deficit, in the definition of capital. The Company is dependent on cash flow from co-publishing and distribution agreements and external financing to fund its activities. In order to carry out planned development of its products and pay for administrative costs, the Company will spend its existing working capital and raise additional amounts as needed. Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the Company, is reasonable. There has been no change to the Company's capital management from the approach used in 2020 or in 2019.

#### 17. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Company operates two distinct reportable business segments as follows:

License of intellectual property: Lingo Learning is a print-based publisher of English language learning textbook programs in China. It earns significantly higher royalties from Licensing Sales compared to Finished Product Sales.

Online and Offline Language Learning: ELL Technologies is a global web-based educational technology ("EdTech") language learning, training, and assessment company. The Company provides the right to access to hosted software over a contract term without the customer taking possession of the software. The Company also provides offline licenses for the right to use perpetual language-learning.

Transactions between operating segments and reporting segment are recorded at the exchange amount and eliminated upon consolidation.

#### Segmented Information (Before Other Financial Items Below)

September 30, 2020	Online English Language Learning	Print-Based English Language Learning	Head Office	Total
Segmented assets Segmented liabilities	\$ 238,375 214,975	\$   1,991,878 631,445	\$     37,614 78,958	\$   2,267,867 925,377
Segmented revenue - online	231,943	-	-	231,943
Segmented revenue - royalty	5,998	905,347	-	911,345
Segmented direct costs	85,766	73,562	-	159,327
Segmented selling, general & administrative Segmented profit / (loss)	(560,557) 491,469	143,522 514,629	445,843 (446,277)	28,808 559,821

## 17. SEGMENTED INFORMATION (Cont'd)

September 30, 2019		ne Englisł e Learninę		Based uage I			d Office		Total
Segmented assets	\$	83,575		1	,352,8		37,643	\$	1,474,058
Segmented liabilities		210,011			434,5		421,054		1,065,624
Segmented revenue		204,632			920,0		-		1,124,714
Segmented direct costs		53,916	6		66,1	116	-		120,031
Segmented selling, general & administrative		117,510	)		128,	115 4	404,909		650,534
Segmented profit / (loss)		(121,555	)		445,7	723 (4	05,449)		(81,281)
September 30, 2018		ne Englisł e Learning		Based uage I			ad Office	•	Total
Segmented assets	\$	241,658	3	\$ 1	,067,0	041 \$	76,182	9	\$ 1,384,881
Segmented liabilities	Ŧ	85,670		•	145,3		739,613		970,602
Segmented revenue		297,022	2		930,0	010	-		1,227,032
Segmented direct costs		98,870	)		68,3	315	-		167,185
Segmented selling, general									
& administrative		264,754			777,4		586,112		928,363
Segmented profit / (loss)		(189,020	)		633,9	955 (5	586,787)		(141,852)
Other Financial Items			2020			2019			2018
Online English Language Le segmented income (loss) Print-Based English	earning	\$ 4	491,469		\$	(121,555)		\$	(189,020)
Language Learning segmented income			514,629			445,723			633,955
Head office			46,277)			(405,449)			(586,787)
Foreign exchange		•	41,646)			(28,739)			48,988
Interest income (expense)		,	2,683			(34,918)			(43,032)
Share-based payment		(	20,055)			(81,115)			(87,539)
Other comprehensive		,	20,000)			(01,110)			(01,000)
income (loss)			55,356			(5,223)			(3,579)
Total Comprehensive Inco	me (Loss)	\$	556,159		\$	(231,276)		\$	(227,014)
Revenue by Geographic R	egion		2020			2019			<u>2018                                    </u>
Latin America		\$	196,377	\$		171,927	\$	240	),695
China			910,637			927,840		952	2,090
Other			36,274			24,947		34	1,247
		\$1	,143,288	\$	1,	124,714	<b>\$</b> 1	,227	7,032

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements For the period ended September 30, 2019 (Unaudited - See Notice to Reader)

#### 17. SEGMENTED INFORMATION (Cont'd)

#### Identifiable Non-Current Assets by Geographic Region

	2020	2019	2018
Canada	\$ 473,462	\$ 1,466,198	\$ 1,378,026
China	482	7,859	6,855
	\$ 473,944	\$ 1,474,058	\$ 1,384,881

#### 18. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

	2020	2019	2018
Income taxes and other taxes paid	\$ 97,960	\$ 142,940	\$ 154,654
Interest paid	34,198	27,590	43,032
Interest received	\$36,881	-	-

### 19. RELATED PARTY BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS

During the period, the Company had the following transactions with related parties, made in the normal course of operations, and accounted for at an amount of consideration established and agreed to by the Company and related parties.

- (a) For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2020, the Company charged \$15,300 (2019 \$77,506) to corporations with directors or officer in common for rent, administration, office charges and telecommunications.
- (b) Key management compensation for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2020 was \$279,266 (2019 \$238,500) and is reflected as consulting fees paid to corporations owned by a director and officers of the Company, of which \$Nil (2019 \$212,000) of the management compensation is included in accrued liabilities.

### 20. COVID-19

Since December 31, 2019, the outbreak of the novel strain of coronavirus, specifically identified as "COVID-19," has resulted in governments worldwide enacting emergency measures to combat the spread of the virus. These measures, which include the implementation of travel bans, self-imposed quarantine periods and social distancing, have caused material disruption to businesses globally resulting in an economic slowdown. Global equity markets have experienced significant volatility and weakness. Governments and central banks have reacted with significant monetary and fiscal interventions designed to stabilize economic conditions.

The extent to which COVID-19 and any other pandemic or public health crisis impacts the Company's business, affairs, operations, financial condition, liquidity, availability of credit and results of operations will depend on future developments that are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted with any meaningful precision, including new information which may emerge concerning the severity of the COVID-19 virus and the actions required to contain the COVID-19 virus or remedy its impact, among others. The duration and impact of the COVID-19 outbreak is unknown at this time, as is the efficacy of the government and central bank interventions. It is not possible to reliably estimate the length and severity of these developments and the impact on the financial results and condition of the Company and its operating subsidiaries in future periods.

#### 20. COVID-19 (Cont'd)

Lingo Media has taken measures to protect its management, employees and contractors and has advised them to work from home and maintain a safe environment to ensure they are healthy and have minimal exposure to the risk of infection. In addition, the company is eligible and has applied for certain government subsidies, additional grants and interest-free loans, which will be reflected in the subsequent period financial statements.

The Company has contacted all the parties it is working with to ensure they are all working in a safe environment. A number of such parties have had an impact on their operations and ability to collaborate, while, a large number have identified multiple new business opportunities due to COVID-19 and the stay at home order of students in many countries. Lingo Media is offering e-learning solutions which fit the challenges schools and universities are facing by providing online language learning solutions. In addition, the Company has designed a number of programs to ensure its clients can easily deploy its suite of products that are well suited for a quarantined environment.